NATIONAL DRUG LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY

(Federal Republic of Nigeria)

2017 ANNUAL REPORT

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Vision Statement

To become the most proactive and leading Drug Law Enforcement Agency on the African Continent and one of the best in the world through the provision of effective and efficient services to Nigerians by cutting off the supply of illicit drugs, reducing the demand for illicit drugs and other substances of abuse, tracing and recovering drug-related proceeds and contributing to the creation and maintenance of an enviable image for the Nation throughout the world

Mission Statement

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The National Drug Law Enforcement Agency shall deploy all resources at its disposal for the total eradication of illicit trafficking in narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances; suppression of demand for illicit drugs and other substances of abuse; recovery of ill-gotten wealth, acquired from proceeds of illicit drug trade; protection, enhancement and maintenance of the image of Nigeria and Nigerians at home and abroad.

FROM THE CHAIRMAN/CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S DESK

The year 2016 has indeed left a lot of lessons in Drug Control activities in the country. In previous years, we have always found our statistics of arrests and seizures of a current year outstripping the penultimate year. Such a progressive activity is considered a healthy operational performance because more and more drugs and offenders are stamped out of circulation. But a comparative statistical analysis of the Agency's operations during the year 2016 shows a remarkable decline in both arrest and seizures. This again can be said to be a healthy development In that the drug malady is expectedly responding to treatment. Although there were occasional huge seizures, the drug prevalence is no doubt, shrinking, especially category A drugs which are not produced in the country.

There were some major hauls of Cannabis sativa produced, locally, running into tones in even some unlikely places like Enugu, where it is not produced in any reasonable scale. In a strategic operation, we were able to take the battle to Cannabis plantations located in the dead of the forests. More plantations were destroyed in 2016, amounting to 718.78 hectares compared to 377. 12 hectares in 2015. There is, however, no corresponding decrease in the number of suspects arrested. Here, the decline is not significant compare to that of seizures, which is a sad pointer to the fact that our \overrightarrow{v} people are still not sufficiently deterred from the illicit drug trade.

Generally, the operating environment during the year was not clement. There was a yawning gap between the achievements made and the crippling funding of the Agency. The concerted efforts to nip the activities of these deadly drug merchants could be attributed to the strategic powers and the raw determination of the Agency to succeed.

I am happy to note that the Agency has kept faith with its operational promise of an intensive and extensive policing of the nation's air, sea and land borders which are becoming more difficult for the cartel to operate. With corresponding homeland efforts to forestall cultivation of cannabis sativa and movement of consignments, there is basis for our enthusiasm that the nation will soon heave a sigh of relief from the pandemic drug challenge.

There is, however, a cause to worry. Records show that other jurisdictions, such as our neighboring African countries are being converted to transit routes to Europe and Asia. Some of these illicit drugs will no doubt find its way through the porous borders to our hinterland for local consumption. This calls for some diplomatic engagement of these countries to adopt equally fierce measures for them to be on the same page with Nigeria in drug control.

As an Agency, we have to be alive to our obligation to make sure that Nigeria is on top of the drug challenge by reducing this illegitimate business to the barest minimum. This mandate is inviolable to us as an Agency. The Agency is more determined than ever in ensuring that seizures of these illegal

substances continues to plummet, while looking forward to a year where seizure would no longer be significant owing to non-availability of these substances.

To attain this height, all hands must be on deck. Government at all levels as well as the general public must take the center stage of the country's counter-narcotic drive. It must be all-inclusive efforts that must accommodate the MDAs and NGOs within and outside the country and work on a better relationship with the general public.

We promise to be more strategic both in our communication and operations. The narrative must change from an overwhelming drug challenge to a drug-free nation.

A drug-free nation is possible!

Col. Muhammad Mustapha Abdallah (Rtd.) LL.M Chairman/Chief Executive

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1. Brief History of the National Drug Law Enforcement Agency

1.0 Background

The Government of Nigeria (GON) has been deeply concerned about the magnitude of the rising trend in the demand for and traffic in narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances, which adversely affects the international image of the country and the wellbeing of her citizenry. Recognising the links between illicit traffic in drugs and psychotropic substances and other related organized criminal activities which undermine the legitimate economy and threaten the stability and security of the country within the sub-region, Nigeria has been in the forefront of global efforts at suppressing the drug menace in support of global peace and security.

Building on its 1935 Dangerous Drugs Act, Nigeria has been a signatory to all United Nations International Conventions on Drugs and Psychotropic substances, including the "1988 Vienna Convention" which demanded that all countries that are signatories to the convention should domesticate them into local legislations as well as put in place Institutional frameworks to control the rising drug problem.

The National Drug Law Enforcement Agency (NDLEA) thus became **a** product of the 1988 Convention, recognizing that eradication of illicit traffic in narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances must be vigorously pursued by reinforcing and promulgating a comprehensive legislation to supplement international measures already taken towards effective and meaningful eradication of the illicit traffic, misuse and abuse of narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances.

1.1 Functions of the Agency

The Agency commenced operations in 1990, charged with the responsibility of enforcing the provisions of Decree 48 of 1989 (now CAP N30 LFN 2004) and coordinating all drug laws and policies which powers were previously conferred on any other statutory body in the country including campaigns to check the abuse of narcotics and psychotropic substances. Some of these functions are:

(a) the enforcement and the due administration of the provisions of the NDLEA Act;

(b) The coordination of all drug laws and enforcement conferred on any person or authority, including Ministers in the Government of the Federation, by any such laws;

(c) Adoption of measures to identify, trace, freeze, confiscate or seize proceeds derived from © drug-related offences or property whose value corresponds to such proceeds; (d) Adoption of measures to eradicate illicit cultivation of narcotic plants and to eliminate illicit demand for narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances with a view to reducing human suffering and eliminating financial incentives for illicit traffic in narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances;

(e) taking such measures which might require the taking of reasonable precautions to prevent the use of ordinary means of transport for illicit traffic in narcotic drugs including making special arrangements with transport owners;

(f) Adoption of measures which shall include coordinated preventive and repressive action, introduction and maintenance of investigative and control techniques;

(g) Adoption of measures to increase the effectiveness of eradication efforts;

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(h) The facilitation of rapid exchange of scientific and technical information and the conduct of research geared towards eradication of illicit use of narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances;

(i) Taking measures for the early destruction of or disposal of the narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances which have been seized, confiscated and forfeited;

(j) Facilitation or encouragement of the presence or availability of persons, including persons in custody who consent to assist in investigations or participate in proceedings relating to narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances

(k) Enhancing the effectiveness of law enforcement to suppress illicit traffic in narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances;

(I) Establishing, maintaining and securing communication to facilitate the rapid exchange of information concerning offences and improving international cooperation in the suppression of illicit traffic in narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances by road, sea and air;

(m) Reinforcing and supplementing the measures provided in the Convention on Narcotic Drugs 1961, as amended by the 1972 Protocol; the 1971Convention on Psychotropic Substances and the United Nations Convention Against Illicit Traffic in Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances 1988 as adopted by the Nigerian domestic law, in order to counter the magnitude and extent of illicit traffic in narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances and its grave consequences;

(n) Taking such measures that may ensure the elimination and prevention of the root causes of the problems of narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances;

(o) Strengthening and enhancing effective legal means for international cooperation in criminal matters for suppressing international activities of illicit traffic in narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances;

(p) collaborating with government bodies within and outside Nigeria carrying out functions wholly or in part analogous to those of the Agency concerning among others –

- (i) the identities, whereabouts and activities of persons suspected of being involved in offences mentioned in this Act;
- (ii) the movement of proceeds or property derived from the commission of such offences;
- (iii) the movement of narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances specified in the Second Schedule to this Act, and instrumentalities used or intended for use in the commission of such offences;
- (iv) the exchange of personnel and other experts
- (v) the establishment and maintenance of a system for monitoring international dealings in narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances in order to identify suspicious

transactions and persons engaged in them;

(q) taking charge, supervising, controlling, coordinating all the responsibilities, functions and activities relating to arrest, investigation and prosecution of all offences connected with or relating to illicit traffic in narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances, notwithstanding any law to the contrary; and

(r) Strengthening co-operation with the Office of the Attorney General of the Federation, the Police Force, Customs Agencies, Immigration services, welfare officials, health officials and other law enforcement agencies in the eradication of illicit traffic in narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances

1.2 Special Powers of the Agency

The Agency has powers:

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- a. To cause investigation to be conducted as to whether any person has committed an offence under the Act;
- b. To ascertain whether any person has been involved in offences under the Act or in the process of such offences to cause investigation to be conducted into properties of any person if it appears to the Agency that the person's life style and properties worth do not match his ostentatious living;
- c. For the purpose of inquiring into and ascertaining whether an offence under paragraph (b) subsection (ii) of this section has been committed, the Agency may by notice in writing call upon any one to furnish it within a time specified in the notice, with information, returns, accounts, books, or other documents in custody of such persons as the Agency may consider fit and proper in the circumstances;
- d. The Agency shall not exercise the power conferred upon it by paragraph (b) of this section without first obtaining the approval of the Attorney General of the Federation. For the

purposes of carrying out or enforcing the Act, all officers of the Agency involved in the enforcement of the provisions of the Act shall have the same powers, authority and privileges (including power to carry arms) as are given by law to the members of the Nigeria Police.

1.3 Operational Scope

The NDLEA is the main organ of the Federal Government of Nigeria responsible for the control of illicit drug trafficking. It also plays the lead and coordinating role in demand reduction, drug control policy formulation and implementation in the country. Established in 1989, the Agency has had nine (9) Chief Executives to date. Its National Headquarters is located at No. 6, Port-Harcourt Crescent off Gimbya Street, Abuja.

2.0 Administration

The Agency has seven (7) established directorates and fourteen (14) autonomous Units and offices that work together to carry out its drug control mandate. The Agency operates in 36 State Commands and the Federal Capital Territory (FCT) Abuja. This is in addition to ten (10) Special Area Commands (SACs) located at the nation's international airports, sea ports and land borders.

> Directorates

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- i. Administration and Finance
- ii. Operations and General Investigation
- iii. Drug Demand Reduction
- iv. Prosecution and Legal Services
- v. Assets and Financial Investigation
- vi. Training and Manpower Development; and
- vii. Technical Services

> Departments and Autonomous Offices:

- i. Chairman/Chief Executive's Office
- ii. Secretary to the Agency's Office
- iii. Lagos Office
- iv. Internal Affairs
- v. Joint Task Force (JTF)
- vi. Special Investigation Unit (SIU)
- vii. Forensics and Chemical Monitoring
- viii. International Affairs
- ix. National Drug Control Strategy/Inter-ministerial Drug Control Secretariat
- x. Internal Audit
- xi. Public Affairs
- xii. Canine (Sniffer Dog) Unit
- xiii. Combined Inter- Agency Task Force (CIATF)
- xiv. Intelligence Data Centre

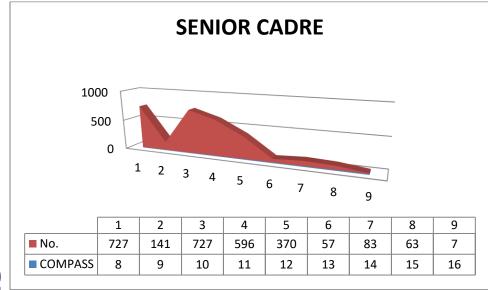
STAFF DISPOSITION BY GENDER AS AT 31ST DECEMBER

Gender	No.	%
Μ	3,949	81.15
F	917	19.85
Total	4,866	100

STAFF DISPOSITION BY COMPASS

Senior cadre % COMPASS No. 08 727 26.24 09 141 5.09 727 10 26.24 11 21.51 596 12 370 13.35

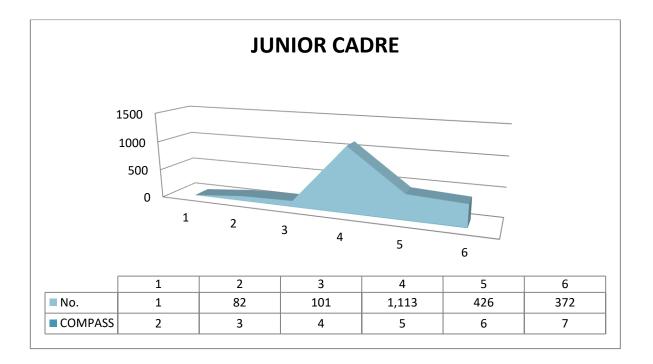
13	57	2.06
14	83	2.30
15	63	2.27
16	07	0.25
Total	2,771	100



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Junior Cadre		
COMPASS	No.	%
02	01	0.05
03	82	3.91
04	101	4.82
05	1,113	53.13
06	426	20.33
07	372	17.76
Total	2,095	100

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3.0 2017 Operational Results: the trend and threats

i. Summary of Results

In 2017, the Agency arrested 10,009 drug suspects nationwide. The numbers of male suspects were 9,387 which accounted for 93.78% of the total arrest while female suspects were 622 representing 6.22% of the total arrested.

There was a significant increase in the total drug seizures when the two periods were compared. In 2016, a total of 267,591.49Kilogrammes of illicit drugs were seized compared to 309,356.31 kilogrammes seized in 2017 representing an increase of 13.50%. Seizures of cannabis in 2016 amounted to 187,394kilogrammes while in 2017 it was 191,084.19 kilogrammes representing an increase of about 1.93%. Psychotropic substances were 77,755.21 kilogrammes in 2016 and 117,143.2 kilogrammes in 2017. Ccocaine and heroin were 305.17kilogrammes and 66.28kilogrammes, respectively in 2016 and 92.26 kilogrammes and 85.36 kilogrammes in 2017.

Also, there was an ample decrease in cannabis farm land destroyed. In 2017, a total of **317.118 hectares** of cannabis plantation were discovered and destroyed while in 2016, 718.78 hectares of cannabis plantations were destroyed. This represents a decrease of about 55.88%. This was owing to dearth of funds and shortage of manpower. Also, cannabis farmlands are usually located in the hinterland which makes it very difficult for the officers to access. Obsolete arms and other logistics also contributed to poor performance in this area.

Worthy of note is the intelligence report that shows that psychotropic substances are frequently abused at the night clubs especially around the cities while tramadol and cough syrup with codeine are trendy even within the downtrodden people in the society.

ii. Trend and Threats

For a long time in Nigeria, Cannabis sativa remained the most pervasive illicit drug of abuse, ostensibly because it is the only drug locally cultivated in Nigeria. The entire South west, North Central and part of South South provide a favourable forest and climate for the cultivation of the illicit drug crop. Upon harvest, the weeds have always found vast markets in the North West and North Eastern parts of the country.

In recent times, the drug abuse and illicit drug trafficking trend appears to be changing. Seizures of pharmaceutical drugs of prescription have become rampant, in a manner that suggest users preference for the drugs above Cannabis sativa. These drugs are abused because they are easily obtained across the counter and they are easy to hide from the public, unlike Cocaine, Heroin and Cannabis sativa. Pharmaceutical drugs are equally appealing because they can be masked and disguised from the undiscerning public in a society that abhors drug abuse like Nigeria.

Take the case of Tramadol, in 2016 a total of 53,804.67 kilograms of Tramadol were intercepted. In 2017 96,136.67 kilograms of the same substance were seized. This figure represents 44.03% increase.

Tramadol is an opioid analgesic similar in effect to morphine, heroine or codeine. The medically approved dosage of Tramadol is between 50mg to 100mg per dose. Tramadol tablets in excess of 100mg are often abused as heroin alternative or heroine substitute. It is also used by drug abusers to boost or potentiate the psychoactive effects of other drugs thereby making their effects to be hyped or manifold, for example, when taken with other sedatives or tranquilizers such as barbiturates or benzodiazepines, Tramadol potentials magnifies their effects. It is also often

used as heroine bulking agent or adulterant, therefore further booting and sustaining the psychoactive effects of heroine.

Side Effects:

This includes nausea, dizziness, dry month, indigestion, abdominal pain, vertigo, vomiting, constipation, drowsiness and headache. Long term use of high doses cause physical dependence and withdrawal syndrome. Withdrawal symptoms include numbness, tingling, paraesthesia and tinnitus. Psychiatric syndrome may include hallucinations, paranoia, extreme anxiety, panic attacks and confusion.

Tramadol can slow or stop your breathing, and may be habit-forming. Misuse of this medicine can cause addiction, overdose, or death, especially in a child or other person using the medicine without a prescription.

Statistics of Arrests nationwide

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COMMANDS	Males	Females	Total	%
KATSINA	719	13	732	7.31
JIGAWA	639	7	646	6.45
KANO	625	10	635	6.34
BORNO	617	9	626	6.25
BAUCHI	462	17	479	4.79
LAGOS	452	0	452	4.51
PLATEAU	391	27	418	4.18
ABIA	304	20	324	3.28
BAYELSA	220	104	324	3.28

DELTA	235	61	296	2.96
	233	01		
RIVERS	240	42	282	2.82
NIGER	273	6	279	2.79
ONDO	238	35	273	2.73
			252	2 52
EDO	190	63	253	2.53
CROSS RIVER	250	0	250	2.50
ΑΚWA ΙΒΟΜ	191	44	235	2.35
ѕокото	216	9	225	2.25
KADUNA	210	12	222	2.22
УОВЕ	217	0	217	2.17
КЕВВІ	208	3	211	2.11

ZAMFARA	197	3	200	2.00
KOGI	199	0	199	1.99
ΟΥΟ	192	0	192	1.92
ADAMAWA	186	4	190	1.90
ANAMBRA	177	12	189	1.89
BENUE	165	10	175	1.75
OGUN	140	19	159	1.59
EBONYI	128	19	147	1.46
ENUGU	134	10	144	1.43
TARABA	134	1	135	1.34
KWARA	112	10	122	1.21

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FCT	118	0	118	1.17
OSUN	93	3	96	0.95
GOMBE	94	0	94	0.93
ММІА	72	13	85	0.84
ЕКІТІ	78	6	84	0.83
ΙΜΟ	67	8	75	0.74
NASARAWA	57	1	58	0.57
SEME	44	12	56	0.55
DOGI	26	1	27	0.27
SET	22	5	27	0.27
CIATF	13	0	13	0.13

ΝΑΙΑ	12	1	13	0.13
ΜΑΚΙΑ	11	0	11	0.11
JTF	5	0	5	0.05
РНІА	5	0	5	0.05
AIIA ENUGU	3	0	3	0.03
PH PORT	3	0	3	0.03
TINCAN	1	2	3	0.03
APAPA PORTS	1	0	1	0.01
IDI-IROKO	1	0	1	0.01
TOTAL	9387	622	10,009	100

Katsina, Jigawa and Kano. States in that order took the lead in number of suspects arrested during period under consideration

COMMANDS	COCAINE	HEROIN	CANNBIS	METH	EPHED	PSYCHO/	TOTAL
					RINE	OTHERS	
ABIA	0.481	1.088	818.244	0	0	4.6789	824.4919
ADAMAWA	0.014	0	617.254	0	0	993.561	1610.829
AIIA ENUGU	1.02	0	59.7	0	0	0	60.72
AKWA IBOM	0.051	0.168	314.77	0	0	19.07	334.059
ANAMBRA	0.253	0.019	717.05	276.994	0	11.17	1005.486
APAPA PORTS	0	0	0.4	0	0	0	0.4
BAUCHI	0	0	1284.98	0	0	764.084	2049.064
BAYELSA	0.03	0.08	134.04	0	0	119.083	253.233
BENUE	0.0023	0	4145.255	0	0	1192.274	5337.5313
BORNO	0.0091	0.0139	301.766	0	0	447.996	749.785

CIATF	3.946	2.651	0	394.931	29	0	430.528
CIATI	5.540	2.001	0	554.551	25	Ŭ	430.320
CROSS RIVER	0.396	0.123	711.972	0	0	26.001	738.492
DELTA	2.086	0.022	6998.983	0	0	3.954	7005.045
DOGI	1.74	4.647	210.28	46.934	0	8.084	271.685
EBONYI	0.002	0.002	195.191	0	0	0.855	196.05
EDO	0.0293	0.0199	44217.48	0	0	1121.442	45338.9712
EKITI	0.0015	0	325.635	0	0	15.21	340.8465
ENUGU	0.046	0.001	732.41	20	0	0	752.457
FCT	0.4211	0	12029.534	0	0	162.7053	12192.6604
GOMBE	0.0142	0	498.644	0	0	834.363	1333.0212
IDI-IROKO	0	0	5	0	0	0	5
IMO	0.081	0.0358	344.689	0.067	0	8.27	353.1428
HGAWA	0	0	973.487	0	0	310.048	1283.535

	46.4						22.4
JTF	16.1	0	0	6	0	0	22.1
KADUNA	0.001	0	1880.297	0	0	952.5	2832.798
KANO	0.089	0.087	5603.486	0	0	13050.82	18654.485
KATSINA	0	0	246.779	0	0	185.24	432.019
KEBBI	0	0	363.63	0	0	3354.009	3717.639
KOGI	0	0	4061.3	0	0	7.875	4069.175
KWARA	0	0	4688.04	0	0	72.01	4760.05
LAGOS	0.03835	0.0298	9575.143	0	0	46.41	9621.62115
ΜΑΚΙΑ	0.7	10.6	0	0	25	0	36.3
MMIA	51.52	53.93	96.655	13.205	108.25	942.834	1266.394
NAIA	9.455	7.76	0.065	8.24	6.6	0.15	32.27
NASARAWA	0.009	0.002	350.828	0	0	2873.88	3224.719
NGER	0.0013	0	2794.334	0	0	82.607	2876.9423

OGUN	0	0	4366.16	0	0	29.503	4395.663
ONDO	0.0001	0	32727.507	0	0	1.534	32729.0411
OSUN	0	0	335.311	0	0	0.175	335.486
ΟΥΟ	0.0163	0	7084.52	0	0	5.8	7090.3363
РНІА	3.563	0	0	0	0	0	3.563
PH PORT	0	0	0.315	0	0	0	0.315
PLATEAU	0.0041	0	1,857.637	0	0	15817.01	17674.6469
RIVERS	0.138	0.0778	274.544	0	0	93.2554	368.0152
SEME	0	0	17,014.00	0	0	1.044	17,015.04
SET	0	4	19716	16.06	0	71671.54	91407.595
ѕокото	0	0	796.984	0	0	1491.29	2288.274
TARABA	0	0	501.274	0	0	276.306	777.58

ZAMFARA	0 92.2587	0 85.357	52.455 191084.19	0 782.431	0	34.756 117143.2	87.211
YOBE	0	0	1055.662	0	0	109.827	1165.489
TINCAN	0	0	4.5	0	0	0	4.5

Edo, Kano and Ondo in that order took the lead in quantity of drugs seized during the period under review.

Below is the table that represents PSYCHOTROPIC SUBSTANCES

	COMMANDS	TRAMADOL	COUGH SYRUP WITH CODEINE	BENZODIA ZEPINES	кнат	OPIODS	OPIATES	BARBI TURATES	OTHERS
	ABIA	3.0839	322.363	42.605	0	0	0	0	1.595
20	ADAMAWA	625.791	0	0	0	0.127	0	0	2.675

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AIIA ENUGU	0	0	2.52	0	0	0	0	0
AKWA IBOM	15.95	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.6
ANAMBRA	2.07	0	0	0	9.1	0	0	0
APAPA PORTS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BAUCHI	249.452	0	0	0	0	0	0	514.632
BAYELSA	86.083	62.25	1095.058	0	0	0	0	33
BENUE	34.966	23.98	20.53	0	0	0	0	0
BORNO	167.58	0	0	0	0.409	0	0.127	235.37
CIATF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CROSS RIVER	15.95	1	0.622	0	0	0	0	10.051
DELTA	1.74	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.592
DOGI	2.532	0	0.055	0	0	0	0	5.552

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EBONYI	0.8	0	0	0	0	0	0	C
EDO	919.929	0	0	0	0	0	0	201.513
EKITI	0.91	0	0	0	0	0	0	14.3
ENUGU	0	0	69.5933	0	0	0	0	(
FCT	87.464	0	0	0	0	0	0	5.648
GOMBE	821.689	0	0	0	0	0	0	12.674
IDI-IROKO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(
IMO	8.27	0	0	0	0	0	0	
JIGAWA	253.35	0	0	0	0	0	0	56.698
JTF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(
KADUNA	322.374	3911.228	195.734	0	0	0	0	630.126
KANO	8882.626	10.074	14.44	0	59.235	0	0	

	444.070				4.00			45.00
KATSINA	144.356	0	0	0	1.28	0	0	15.09
KEBBI	2381.039	0	0	0	0	0	0	972.97
KOGI	7.875	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
KWARA	41.45	0	1.7	0	0	0	0	30.56
LAGOS	44.71	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MAKIA	0	0	4.28	0	0	0	0	0
MMIA	938.554	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NAIA	0.15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NASARAWA	2873.88	0	2.395	0	0	0	0	0
NIGER	77.064	10.39	1.821	0	0	0	0	3.148
OGUN	15.9	0	0	0	0	0	0	1.392
ONDO	0.3	0	0	0	0	0	0	1.234

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OSUN	0.175	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ОУО	1.1	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.7
PHIA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PH PORT	0	4196.547	316.063	0	0	0	0	0
PLATEAU	4820.02	0	0	0	151.2	1.1568	0.267	6331.76
RIVERS	6.3644	0	0.525	0	0	0	0	86.891
SEME	0.519	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SET	71660.2	1033.49	0	0	0	0.2	0	11.135
SOKOTO	432.364	170.277	8.975	0	0	0	0	25.436
TARABA	91.094	0	0	0	0	0	0.95	5.01
TINCAN	0	30.8	5.464	0	0	0	0	0
YOBE	66.394	0.144	0.969	0	0	0	0	7.169

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ZAMFARA	30.553			0	0.084	0	0	3.006
TOTAL	96136.6713	9,772.543	1,783.349	0	221.43	1.3568	1.344	9226.52

Note: Tramadol, Benzodiazepines and Opiates in that order were the commonly used drugs, during the period under review. Others above represent unclassified drugs.

Airlines Used By Traffickers (MMIA ONLY)

SN	AIRLINE	FREQUENCY	%
1.	SOUTH AFRICAN AIRWAYS	20	29.85
2.	ETHIOPIAN AIRLINE	14	20.90
3.	QATAR AIRWAYS	11	16.42

4.	KENYA AIRWAYS	4	5.97
5.	RWAND AIR	4	5.97
6.	EMIRATES	3	4.48
7.	ROYAL AIR MAROC	3	4.48
8.	ETIHAD AIRWAYS	3	4.48
9.	EGYPT AIR	3	4.48
10.	TURKISH AIRLINE	1	1.49
11.	MEDVIEW	1	1.49
	TOTAL	67	100

Note: The table above indicates that South African Airlines was the most frequently patronised flight by couriers during the period under consideration, followed by Ethiopian Air and Qatar respectfully. It also shows that the three leading airlines accounted for more than 65% of the total frequency of airlines used by drug couriers during the period under consideration.

• Destination of drug Couriers arrested at MMIA, Lagos

S/N	DESTINATION	FREQUENCY	%
1.	NIGERIA	24	34.29
2.	SOUTH AFRICA	13	18.57
3.	QATAR	5	7.14
4.	KENYA	3	4.29

5.	USA	3	4.29
6.	INDONESIA	3	4.29
7.	DUBAI (UAE)	2	2.86
8.	MOZAMBIQUE	2	2.86
9.	PAKISTAN	2	2.86
10.	SAUDI ARABIA	2	2.86
11.	DR CONGO KINSHASA	2	2.86
12.	SPAIN	1	1.43
13.	CAMBODIA	1	1.43
14.	CHINA	1	1.43

15.	ETHIOPIA	1	1.43
16.	ITALY	1	1.43
17.	INDIA	1	1.43
18.	TANZANIA	1	1.43
19.	FOLLOW UP	1	1.43
20.	RETURNED GOODS	1	1.43
	TOTAL	70	100

Note: The inflow of drugs into Nigeria was about 34.29% compared to the previous year of 48.84% whereas the outward movement of couriers was about 65.71% compared to the previous year. of 51.16%. The highest outward destinations of the couriers in the period under consideration South Africa and Qatar were.

3.1 Visa Clearance

The Agency's Visa Clearance system remains an important instrument and continues to serve as a strong deterrent for aspiring drug dealers from obtaining visas from countries that have

subscribed to the scheme. These countries are often either source or gateway countries for illicit drugs. The Visa programme, as a preventive measure, draws voluntary participation from foreign missions in Nigeria with the consent of their home countries. The participating Missions make the NDLEA Visa Clearance Certificate an additional requirement for Nigerian visa applicants who wish to obtain entry visas from these countries.

The issuance of a Clearance Certificate by the Agency, however, is not a guarantee and does not convey any assurance that visa will be issued to the applicant, but remains a valid additional rement. The Agency usually collects some personal information from the applicants, demands for two (2) credible sureties (guarantors) from the applicants and carries out some background checks before clearance is issued. The scheme has been quite successful. Countries that have willingly subscribed to the visa clearance scheme include Brazil, Indonesia, Malaysia, Pakistan, Russia, India, Singapore and Thailand.

In the year 2017 the Agency received 1,606 visa applications 1,255 were cleared, 88 rejected while 263 were pending due to incomplete documents and other reasons. The previous year showed that 2,147 applications were received.

There was a decrease of 541 in the number of applications received by the Agency in 2017 when so compared with the previous year. Available records show that from 2012 till 2015 the numbers of

applicants is on the downturn. In **2012**, about 3,255 applications were received, **2013** it was 2,468, **2014**, 1,964 applications were received and in 2015, 1,711 applications were received. In 2016 the number of applicants went up 2,147 and in 2017 a reduction of 25.20% was recorded when 2017 and 2016 were compared

See table below

Year	No of Applicants
2012	3,255
2013	2,468
2014	1,964
2015	1,711
2016	2,417
2017	1,606

• 3.2 Drug Deportees

The Agency received **139** Nigerian nationals that were deported from other countries over drug related offences. The deportees were appropriately debriefed, documented and released on bail.

• COUNTRIES OF DEPORTATION FOR 2017

5/N	COUNTRY OF DEPORTATION	NUMBER DEPORTED
1.	THAILAND	46
2.	SOUTH AFRICA	20
3	USA	15
4.	ITALY	14
5.	NORWAY	9

6.	UAE	4
7.	SPAIN	4
8.	HUNGRY	4
9.	FRANCE	4
10.	ETHIOPIA	4
11.	CHINA	3
12.	UK	3
13.	INDIA	2
14.	BRAZIL	2
15.	IRAN	1
16.	MALAYSIA	1

17.	SWEDEN	1
18.	VIETNAM	1
19.	SAUDI ARABIA	1
	TOTAL	139

• MONETARY EXHIBIT SEIZED FROM DRUG SUSPECTS

SN	TYPE OF CURRENCY	AMOUNT
1.	Nigerian Naira	999,000
2.	Us dollars	24,512
3.	Counterfeit us dollars	15,000

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4.	CFA	11,000
5.	Sierra Leoneans Leon	30,000
6	Shilling	56,000
7	Hong Kong Dollar	80.00
8	Dirham	85.00
9	Cedes	25
10	Meticais	1,250
11	Reis	37.00
12	Yuan	318

13	Jiao	10.00
14	Monetary Instruments (Travellers cheque)	198 Pieces
15	Monetary Instruments (ATM)	49 pieces

Interdiction Score Card 2008-2017

Year	Cannabis	Cocaine	Heroin	Others	Total	Male	Female	Total
2008	335,535.34	365.49	11.61	530.40	336,442.84	7,584	315	7,899
2009	114,700.71	392.05	104.71	712.77	115,910.24	6,700	342	7,042
2010	174,661.59	706.43	202.08	2,550.62	178,120.73	6,296	492	6,788
2011	191,847.91	410.81	39.75	2,985.45	195,283.90	8,072	567	8,639
2012	228,794.13	131.89	211.03	3,905.45	233,699.60	7,510	542	8,052
2013	205,373	290.20	24.53	134,280.38	339,968.11	8,324	519	8,843
2014	53,878,194.52	226.04	56.45	7562.49	53,886,039.50	8332	494	8826
2015	871,480.32	260.47	30.09	31,442.86	903,624.56	8143	635	8778
2016	187,394	305.17	66.28	79,826.04	267,591.49	7,720	537	8257
2017	191,084.19	92.26	85.36	117,143.20	309,356.31	9,387	622	10,009
TOTAL	56,379,065.71	3180.8	831.89	380939.7	56,766,037.28	78,068	5065	83,133

3.3 Public Destruction of Exhibits

In the year under consideration, the Agency made a public destruction of illicit drugs amounting to 92,686.67kilogrammes in weight as compared to 2016 when there was an embargo on public destruction by the National Assembly

4.0 Assets and Financial Investigation:

Internal Investigation:

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During the period covering this report, the Directorate investigated twenty four (24) Nine (9) cases were forwarded to Directorate of Prosecution and Legal cases. Services for prosecution and asset forfeiture, while fifteen (15) cases are ongoing. In the course of the year, the Directorate seized N52,794,092.19k (fifty two million, seven hundred ninety four thousand, ninety two naira and nineteen kobo), \$85.05 (eighty five US dollars and five cents). Also some assets were traced and discovered by the Directorate, these include twenty (20) plots of land, seven (7) uncompleted buildings, four (4) completed buildings and twenty five (25) shops

4.1 Mutual Legal Assistance:

Two (2) requests were received for Mutual Legal Assistance involving some Nigerians arrested in connection with drug trafficking in United Kingdom and Switzerland during the period under consideration. The Directorate forwarded sixteen (16) requests to the NFIU to aid some ongoing investigations. A case was also forwarded to the EFCC with the sum of thirteen thousand, nine hundred seventy (\$13,970) counterfeit US dollars for further investigation.



4.2 Cooperation with the stakeholders:

The Directorate attended meetings of the Inter-Governmental Action Group against Money Laundering in West Africa (GIABA). The Directorate is actively involved in Inter Ministerial Committee activities and ensured that banks and other Financial Institutions complied with their statutory responsibilities under the Money Laundering Prohibition Acts 2011 as amended in 2012.

5.0 Joint Task Force

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In the year under review, the unit was involved in a number of activities. It took the benefits some governmental and private agencies like Motor Vehicle Administration Agencies (MVAA), Corporate Affairs Commission (CAC) Mobile Network Service Providers and Financial Institutions in order to run its operations effectively

5.1 Mutual Legal Assistance:

() () () A number of Agency's foreign collaborators like Turkey, Germany, Switzerland, Russia e.t.c. exchanged correspondences with the unit in the area of Mutual Legal Assistance. The bulk of these requests came from the National Intelligence Agency (NIA), INTERPOL, Presidency, Ministries of Justice and that of Foreign Affairs.

Joint Operation with the UK National Crime Agency (UK-NCA)

A joint operation between the JTF and the National Crime Agency led to the arrest of two suspects who had been on a wanted list of the Agency since 2015. They were wanted for the exportation of 16kgs of cocaine into the United Kingdom. This was as a result of afallout of one suspect named Chika Egwu Udensi sentenced to six years imprisonment in U.K. for the same offence. Properties of the new arrested suspects were traced both in Lagos and in Anambra States by the unit and case has been charged to the Federal High Court Ikoyi, Lagos.

The unit also participated in joint operations investigation with other commands of the Agency, like Tin Can Island Special Area Command, Murtala Mohammed International Airport (MMIA) Combined Inter -Agency Task Force and Cross River State Command.

6.0 Prosecution and Legal Services:

In year 2017, the Agency the Agency prosecuted 1,666 drug offenders out of which 1,621 were convicted. 45 cases were both discharged and acquitted/struck out. This represents 97.30% success rate. It is interesting to note that these suspects were given adequate sentences ranging from 10-25 years imprisonment. This is hoped to serve as a deterrent for would be drug suspects.



Summary of Prosecution by Conviction

COMMANDS	TOTAL HANDLED	CONVICTION	DISHARGED & ACQUITTED	STRUCK OUT
ABIA	43	40	1	2
ADAMAWA	76	76	-	
AIIA ENUGU				
AKWA IBOM	11	10	1	-
ANAMBRA	19	19		
APAPA PORTS				
BAUCHI	14	14	-	-
BAYELSA	4	4	-	-
BENUE	20	20		

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BORNO	12	12		
CIATF				
CROSS RIVER	36	36		
DELTA	23	23		
DOGI	8	8		
EBONYI	38	38		
EDO	31	31		
ЕКІТІ	15	15		
ENUGU	20	20		
FCT	113	112	1	
GOMBE	46	45	1	
IDI-IROKO				
ΙΜΟ	17	17		

JIGAWA	106	106			
JTF					
KADUNA	15	15			
KANO	186	176	9	1	
KATSINA	8	8			
KEBBI	34	34			
KOGI	17	17			
KWARA	15	14		1	
LAGOS	150	150			
ΜΑΚΙΑ	4	4			
MMIA	59	59			
NAIA	8	8			
NASARAWA	47	47			

NIGER	60	60		
OGUN	17	17		
ONDO	23	23		
OSUN	47	47		
ΟΥΟ	59	59		
РНІА				
PH PORT	1	1		
PLATEAU	98	98		
RIVERS	78	50	28	
SEME	7	7		
SET				
ѕокото	21	21		
TARABA	31	31		

TINCAN				
YOBE				
ZAMFARA	29	29		
TOTAL	1666	1621	13	32

The following are some of the monetary and properties forfeitures recorded by the Directorate in the year under focus.

- Ojo Sunday Akanwu ordered by the Federal High Court Lagos to forfeit the sum of \$700.
- (2) Babangida Danladi vs FRN: The Federal High Court, Gombe committed the sum of №12,425.00 to be forfeited to the Federal Government of Nigeria.
- (3) The Federal High Court in Edo State ordered the final forfeiture of an abandoned White Mercedes Benz with Registration Number LSD 812 XY LAGOS to the Federal Government of Nigeria.

- (4) Kole Orizamolade: The Federal High Court in Akwa Ibom ordered the final forfeiture of a Golf Car with Registration Number LFA 997 LR.
- (5) **Babangida Danyarbawa**: The Federal High Court in Yola ordered for the final forfeiture of an uncompleted house situated in Bachure Yola belonging to the convict to be forfeited to the Federal Government of Nigeria.

SOME OF THE NOTABLE SENTENCES RECORDED BY THE AGENCY IN 2017

- (I) CRIMINAL CASES
 - (a) **Odeyemi Omolara** Convict was sentenced to 25 years imprisonment by the Federal High Court sitting in Lagos for the offence of dealing in 1.595 Kilogrammes of Cocaine and further banned from holding international passport for 5 years.
 - (b) Ojo Sunday Akanmu Olusegun Sentenced to 10 years by a Federal High Court sitting in Lagos for the offence of possession of 1.090 Kilogrammes of Heroin. Also to forfeit the sum of \$700.

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- (c) Ugwuezumba Hycinth Arinze Convict was sentenced to 10 years imprisonment for possession of Methamphetamine.
- (d) Uchegbu Emeka Michael Sentenced to 15 years imprisonment for possession of 305 grams in the Federal High Court, Lagos.
- (e) Okey Omeraba Sentenced to 25 years and 10 years on different counts for possession of 600 grammes of Cannabis Sativa in Federal High Court, Port-Harcourt.
- (f) **Ikenna Osuizubo** Sentenced to 14 years imprisonment by a Federal High Court sitting in Kano for the possession of 252 Kilogrammes of Tramadol.
- (II) APPEAL CASES
 - (a) **Abiodun Agboola**: The Court of Appeal in Kwara State dismissed the appeal and sustained the decision of the lower court.



(b) Sanusi Sani: Appeal was dismissed in the Agency's favour in the Court of Appeal, Kwara

(c) Prosecution Score card: 2007-2016

Year	Cases	Won	Lost/struck out	Success Rate (%)
2008	1,720	1,712	8	99.53
2009	1,506	1,497	9	99.27
2010	1,526	1,509	17	98.89
2011	1,501	1,491	10	99.33
2012	1,736	1,718	18	98.96
2013	1,871	1,865	6	99.67
2014	2,070	2,054	16	99.22
2015	1,731	1,690	41	97.63
2016	2,278	2,256	22	99.03
2017	1,666	1,621	45	97.30
TOTAL	17,605	17,413	192	98.91

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7.0 Drug Demand Reduction Responsibility:

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In the year 2017, the principal attention of the Directorate was to confront the problems of drugs from the perspective of demand reduction. This was carried out through the congruent determinations of the three departments within the Directorate namely: Research and NGOs Liaison (R&NGO), Drug Abuse Preventive Education (DAPE), and Treatment and Rehabilitation (T&R).

7.1 Research and Non-Governmental Organisations Liaison (R& NGO)

The main objective of this unit is to collect, collate and analyse drug data questionnaires from Treatment Centres and NDLEA Commands nationwide, which it carried out with all sense of responsibility. The analysed data is however used to determine the extent of drug use in the country, to identify the vulnerable groups and to proffer solution (s). The unit is also in charge de affairs of registering, monitoring and coordinating the activities of drug related NGOs nationwide. Nine (9) NGOs were accredited during this period.

7.2 Drug Abuse Preventive Education (DAPE)

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This unit sensitized and created awareness programmes to the general populace on the dangers inherent in drug abuse and illicit drug trafficking in the society. With this, the unit carried intensive anti-drug abuse education/awareness programme in schools and out of schools Media prison inmates etc.

In the course of the year under consideration, the total number of programmes conducted for youths in school was 326 with 83,024 as participants. For youths out of school 64 awareness programmes were conducted with 28,647 participants. For community based 87 programmes were conducted with 18,764 as participants. Four (4) programmes were carried out for prison inmates and 616 inmates in attendance. For National Union of Road and Transport Workers 2 programmes were carried out with 9,772 participants. In the year under review 16 programmes were conducted for Military/paramilitary and 22,236 officers and men were captured. Four (4) were recorded for market men/women with 1,078 people in attendance. Also for churches and mosques 4 programmes \mathbb{N} were carried out with 822 participants.

The Media used by a number of commands within the Agency to reach out to the populace, through television and radio talk shows documentaries, jingles etc.

The Multi-Media control initiative is another area of sensitization that was also utilised in the period under review. Under this initiative the Agency utilised the social medial in reaching out to the general public. This initiative that was launched in June 2015 provides amongst other things

- Toll Free Counselling Services
- Online services using electronic mails (email)
- Special Drug Education on Drug Abuse/Trafficking for hearing impaired persons using Sign Language

During the year in focus, the Agency recorded 1,803 tweets with 3,671 followers and on Instagram 1,321 posts were recorded with 1,769 followers.

7.3 Treatment and After-Care Unit

This unit is responsible for Treatment, Rehabilitation and After-care of patients. In the year under consideration, the total number of counselled cases in the Agency nationwide was one thousand three hundred and eighty seven (1,387).

SOURCE	ADMISSION	DISCHARGED	CLIENTS IN CUSTODY	RELAPSED	READMITTED
NHQS	13	7	6		
STATE	207	107	100	20	6
COMMANDS					
TOTAL	220	114	106	20	6

This table represents the number of clients brought by their families/ voluntarily came counselling

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ADMISSION THROUGH REFERRALS (SOURCE: INVESTIGATION)

COMMANDS	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL CASES HANDLED
ABIA	52	0	52
ADAMAWA			
AIIA ENUGU			
AKWA IBOM	31	0	31
ANAMBRA	67	0	67
APAPA PORTS			
BAUCHI			
BAYELSA	83	39	122
BENUE			
BORNO			

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CIATF			
CROSS RIVER			
DELTA	55	0	55
DOGI			
EBONYI	68	6	74
EDO			
ΕΚΙΤΙ	118	0	118
ENUGU			
FCT			
GOMBE			
IDI-IROKO			
ІМО			
JIGAWA			

JTF			
KADUNA			
KANO	319	13	332
KATSINA			
КЕВВІ	25	0	25
KOGI			
KWARA	91	0	91
LAGOS	0	0	0
ΜΑΚΙΑ			
ΜΜΙΑ			
ΝΑΙΑ			
NASARAWA			
NIGER			

OGUN	62	0	62
ONDO			
OSUN	83	0	83
ΟΥΟ	10	0	10
РНІА			
PH PORT			
PLATEAU			
RIVERS			
SEME			
SET			
ѕокото	45	0	45
TARABA			
TINCAN			

YOBE			
ZAMFARA			
TOTAL	1109	58	1167

8.0 Directorate of Training & Manpower Development (DTMD)

Furtherance to the feats of 2016, the Directorate in 2017 also witnessed many accomplishments. These consisted of programmes aimed at shaping the course and direction of training and manpower development in the Agency and also leading the Agency towards the much desired goal of intelligence-led policing.

Most of the training programmes in 2017 were organised by EU/UNODC as continuation of project NGAV16. The training was delivered on geographical zonal basis. The programme which commenced from the South west to other geopolitical zones were mainly law enforcement centred training

The EU/UNODC facilitators assisted by some trainers from the Directorate visited various commands of the Agency for On-Site Intelligence-led Investigation for Managers. This was designed to make practical impact on officers and improve them on the job competence. Other trainings were also conducted for DDR officers.

	5/N	COURSE TITLE	DURATION	NO OF	NO. OF
				BATCHES	PARTICIPANTS
	1.	Criminal Investigation	2 weeks	12	300
	2.	Criminal Intelligence	1 week	12	240
	3.	Intelligence-led Investigation	1 week	5	100
		for Managers			
	4.	Law Enforcement DPTC	3 days	11	275
		Sensitization Course			
	5.	Criminal Intelligence for	3 days	3	75
ഹ		senior Managers			
	6.	Advanced Intelligence Recall	1 week	1	15

Summary of Training Conducted by the EU/UNODC

7.	Course Loundaring and	1	1	16
7.	, 5	1 week	1	10
	Proceeds of Crime to			
	Prosecutors and judges			
8.	On-Site Intelligence-led	1 week	43visits	All officers in th
	Investigation Training			commands
9.	Drug Detection On-site	1 week	4 visits	All officers at th
	Training			sea port
10.	On-site Money Laundering	1 week	4 visits	All officers o
	Proceeds of Crime Training			DAFI
11.	Joint Training on	3 days	1	19 officers
	Investigation and Prosecution			
	of Organised Crime and Drug			
	Trafficking Cases CRIMJUST			
12	Counselling and Treatment	2 weeks	1	154
	Training			
13.	Treatment Vols. A,B & D	3 days	3	48
14.	DPTL/Sensitization Training	3 days	1	25
15.	Training on Data Collation	2 days	1	8

In the course of the year, all the formations of the Agency conducted monthly trainings for their officers while the Directorate conducted same for Lagos office and its environs.

The Directorate organised a number of trainings both local and foreign for the officers of the Agency. One thousand one hundred and seventy eight (1,178) officers locally received training while seventeen (17) went on foreign trainings In all one thousand one hundred and ninety five (1,195) officers were trained

Approvals of the CCE were also conveyed to officers who applied to undertake various programmes of study at the National Open University (NOUN).

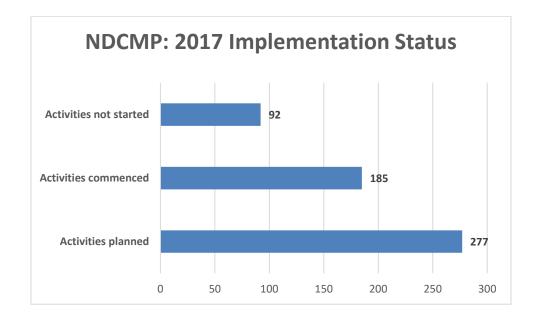
9.0 The National Drug Control Masterplan Secretariat

The National Drug Control Masterplan is responsible for coordinating the implementation of the NDCMP 2015-2019. The NDCMP 2015-2019 overall objective is to strengthen the responses to drugs in order to contribute to the enhanced health, Security and well-being of all Nigerians. The Inter-Ministerial Committee on Drug Control (IMC) at its first meeting in year 2017 approved a total of **277** activities for implementation across the four (4) strategic pillars of the NDCMP.

Strategic Pillar	No. of activities planned	No. of planned activities commenced	No of planned activities not started
Law Enforcement	63	39 (61.9%)	24 (38.1%)
Drug Demand Reduction	110	83 (75.5%)	27 (24.5%)
Availability, Access and Control of Narcotic Drug, Psychotropic Substances and Precursor Chemicals for Medical and Scientific purposes	84	48 (57.1%)	36 (42.9%)

The breakdown as follows:

Coordination	20	15 (75%)	5 (25%)
Total:	277	185	92



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Some notable achievements:

- Several Standard Operational Procedures/Guidelines/Toolkits outlined in the Master Plan were finalized and ready for final approval in year 2017. The development of these documents were coordinated by different MDAs who are members of Inter-Ministerial Drug Control Committee (IMC). Some of the documents included; the Counselling Guidelines, Advocacy Toolkits for HIV Prevention Programmes for PWID in Nigeria, Minimum Standard for Drug Dependence Treatment, e.t.c.
- The Mid-Term review of the NDCMP was carried out by Independent Evaluators. The recommendations of the Independent Evaluators were considered and approved by the IMC at the meeting held in December 2017.
- The Household Survey was also completed in year 2017.
- Capacity Building programmes for Drug Law Enforcement officers and Drug Demand Reduction Counsellors as outlined across the strategic Pillars of the Master Plan were carried out in year 2017. Most of the programmes were supported by the European Union and other International collaborators.
- The IMC meetings were held as scheduled in the year 2017.

Enhanced Inter-Agency cooperation through collective and shared responsibility was noted. The IMC carried out an Impact Assessment of the NDCMP 2015-2019. It is a collection of programmes on drug control especially as it relates to NDCMP and the methods of implementation including the benefits and the overall impact of the programmes to the country. The outcome document of this activity is tilted "Implementation and Impact Assessment of the NDCMP 2015-2019 by the IMC". It was circulated in July 2017 to all stakeholders.

10.0. Forensic Analysis

During the period under review, the Forensic and Chemical Monitoring Unit (FCMU) conducted analysis on a total of two thousand and fifteen (2,015) drug samples from the NHQs and various commands nationwide.

The breakdown is tabulated below:

DRUG TYPE	SAMPLE TESTED
COCAINE	82

HEROIN	115
CANNABIS	1,351
PSYCHOTROPIC	363
PRECURSOR	10
CHEMICALS	
ATS	16
NEGATIVE	78
TOTAL	2,015

11.0. FINANCES

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The 2017 approved appropriation for the Agency is as follows:

	2017	2017	%
DETAILS	APPROPRIATION	RELEASES	RELEASED
RECURRENT PERSONNEL COSTS	8,597,627,879	8,597,627,879	100
RECURRNT OVERHEAD COST	393,973,302	301,099,055	76.42
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	127,216,736	81,108,368.56	63.75

11.0 CHALLENGES IN THE YEAR 2017

FUNDS

Delayed cash backing and Fund releases: This issue has become a persistent matter especially regarding the implementation of Capital Expenditure.

Incomplete release of non-sustaining Overhead Envelop: The envelop method of allocation that weakens the logistic requirements for our operations still exist. In the year under consideration only 76.42% of the Agency's allocation was released.

Increased Liabilities: Subsequent to paragraph 2 above, the shortfall in the release of Inadequate Overhead, further increased the Agency's accrued liability to staff and other third parties.



Vehicles

Most of the State Commands do not have operational vehicles especially rugged ones fit for the terrain (Cannabis farmlands are located in the remote forest) while none of the commands has surveillance vehicle. The official vehicles for the Directors are unserviceable. The Directors have been using these vehicles for about nine (9) years. No State or Area Commander/Assistant Director has an official vehicle attached to him/her. They use their personal vehicles to run the activities of the Agency.

Accommodation

Most officers reside in the office premises nationwide as a result of lack of accommodation. Most of the Agency's offices nationwide are rented and the Agency has not been able to add value to them. There is a need to standardize the Agency's offices nationwide.

Manpower

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Inadequate manpower is a big factor that hinders the Agency's operational activities. However, the Federal Government has given approval for employment but the Agency is still waiting for cash backing to embark on this exercise. However, greater number of the personnel is skewed towards the senior cadre which should be the other way round. Looking at the population of 180million Nigerians to 4,866 officers and men we have a ratio of 36,991 citizens to 1 NDLEA officer.

Logistics

Other logistics such as handcuffs and leg-chains, life jackets, helmets, tear gas, communication gadgets, etc are not available at all and arms and ammunition are grossly inadequate.

It is worthy of note that barons stockpile arms which are used in attacking officers of the Agency.



The current trend in which youths are abusing drugs calls for the collaborative efforts of all and sundry. Continuous enlightenment programme gear towards the youths is necessary in order to sensitize the general populace on the dangers inherent in drug abuse.

The Agency and its workforce have never relented in fighting drug war with the available resources. With adequate funding, logistics, and proactive measures through intelligence led operations, the Agency is set to achieve a better result in the coming year. Also in the years ahead, the Agency plans to place premium on adequate consultation with relevant stakeholders in order to ensure a coherent and multi-sectorial platform for achieving the main goals of Drug Law Policy.

We call on government at all levels, corporate bodies, spirited individuals and non-government organisations to continue partnering with the Agencyin order to make our nation safe.



Appendices:

Drug Offences and Punishment

Offences under National Drug Law Enforcement Agency ACT, CAP N30 Laws of the Federation of Nigeria 2004

	OFFENCE						SECTION	PENALTY
		Manufacture,	Produce,	Processes,	Plant,	Grow	11(a)	Life Imprisonment
60	Cocaine, LSD,	Heroin						

OFFENCE	SECTION	PENALTY
Exports, transports or otherwise traffic in the drugs popularly	11(b)	Life imprisonment
known as Cocaine, LSD, Heroin or any other similar drugs, shall		
be guilty of an offence and liable on conviction.		
Sells, buys, exposes or offers for sale or otherwise deals in or	11(c)	Life imprisonment
with the drugs popularly known as Cocaine, LSD, Heroin or any		
other similar drugs shall be guilty of an offence and liable on		
conviction.		
Knowingly possesses or uses the drug popularly known as	11(d)	Imprisonment for a term not less
Cocaine, LSD, Heroin or any other similar drugs by smoking,		than fifteen years but not exceeding
inhaling or injecting the said drugs shall be guilty of an offence		25 years.
and liable on conviction.		
Occupier or is concerned in the management of any premises	12	Imprisonment for a term not less
unlawfully, permits or cause the premises to be used for the		than fifteen years but not exceeding
purpose of storing, concealing, processing or dealing in drug		25 years.
popularly known as Cocaine, LSD, Heroin or any other similar		
drug shall be guilty of an offence liable on conviction.		

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OFFENCE	SECTION	PENALTY			
Storage, custody, movement, carriage or concealment of the	13	Life imprisonment.			
drug popularly known as Cocaine, LSD, Heroin or any other					
similar drug who while concerned is armed with any offensive					
weapon or is disguised in any way.					
Incites, promises or induces any other person by any means	14	Imprisonment for a term not less			
whatsoever, conspired with and, abets, counsels attempts to		than fifteen years and not exceeding			
commit or is an accessory to any act or offence referred to in		25 years.			
this act					
Any person who, with intent to deceive unlawfully assumes the	15	Imprisonment for a term not			
name, character or designation of an officer of the Agency		exceeding ten years.			
Unlawfully removes, conceals, destroys or in any way tempers	16	Imprisonment for a term not			
with drug popularly known as Cocaine, LSD, Heroin or any other		exceeding 25 years.			
similar drug seized from any person or otherwise in possession					
of the agency or any authorized person.					
Being in lawful custody, escape, aid any person in lawful custody	17	Imprisonment for a term not			
to escape		exceeding seven years.			
Wilfully prevents or attempts to prevent any person who has	18	Imprisonment for a term not			
been duly summoned to attend as a witness before Federal High		exceeding seven years.			

OFFENCE	SECTION	PENALTY
Court from attending as witness or from producing anything in		
evidence pursuant to the subpoena or summons served on him.		
Any person who without lawful authority knowingly possesses	23	Punished as prescribed for the
the drugs popularly known as Cocaine, LSD, Heroin or any other		offence under the act.
similar		
1. Where a person is charged with any of the offences under		
this act and the evidence established an attempt to commit		
that offence, he may be convicted of having attempted to		
commit that offence although the attempt is not separately		
charged and such a person shall be punished as prescribed for		
the offence under this act.		
2. Where a person is charged with an attempt to commit an	23	The offender shall not be entitled to
offence under this act but the evidence establishes the		acquittal but shall be convicted of
commission of the full offence		the offence and punished as provide
		under this act.

OFFENCE	SECTION	PENALTY
1. Where an offence under this act which has been committed	24	Shall be liable to be proceeded
by a body corporate is proved to have been committed on the		against and punished accordingly.
instigation or with the connivance of or attributable to any		
neglect on the part of Director, Manager, Secretary or other		
similar officer of the corporate body or any person purporting		
to act in any such capacity he as well as the body corporate.		
Where practicable, shall be deemed to be guilty of that		
offence and shall be liable to be proceeded against and		
punished accordingly.		
2. Where a body corporate is convicted of any offence under	24	Be wound up and all its assets and
this act, the Federal High Court may order that the body		properties forfeited to the Federal
corporate shall thereupon and without and without any further		Government.
assurance, but for such order be wound up and all its assets and		
properties forfeited to the Federal Government.		
1. It shall be the duty of every commercial carrier to take	25	Liable on conviction to a fine not
reasonable precaution to:		exceeding ₦100,000.

OFFENCE	SECTION	PENALTY
(d) use of tamper-resistant individually verifiable seal or containers.		
(e) reporting to the agency at earliest opportunity all suspicious circumstances relating to drug trafficking.		
3. Any commercial carrier which violates the provision of subsection (1) of this section shall in addition to any other penalty provided in any other act or enactment be guilty of an offence.		
4. Where an offence under subsection (3) of this section is committed by a body corporate, every person who at the time of commission of the offence was a proprietor, director general, manager, secretary or other similar officer, servant or agent of the body corporate (or a person purporting to act in any such capacity) he as well as the body corporate shall be		
deemed to be guilty of the offence and may be proceeded		

OFFENCE	SECTION	PENALTY
against and		
PROVISIONS RELATING TO FORFEITURE OF PROPERTIES	27	1. Any person convicted of an
OF CONVICTS		offence under this act shall forfeit
		to the federal government
		(a) all the assets and properties
		which may or are the subject of an
		interim order of Federal High Court
		after an attachment by the agency,
		as specified in Section 34 of this
		act.
		(b) Any assets or property
		constituted or derived from any
		proceeds the person obtained,
		directly or indirectly as a result of
		an eerry of man eerry as a result of

OFFENCE	SECTION	PENALTY
		such offence not already disclosed in
		the Assets Declaration Form or not
		falling under paragraph (a) of this
		subsection.
		(c) Any of the person's property or instrumentalities used in any manner to commits or to facilitate the commission of such offence not already disclosed in the Assets Declaration or not falling under paragraph (a) of this subsection.
		(2) The Federal High Court in
		imposing sentence on such person
		shall order in addition to any other
		sentence imposed pursuant to
		section 11 of this ACT, that the

OFFENCE	SECTION	PENALTY
		person forfeit to the Federal
		Government, all property described
		in subsection (1) of this section (3).
		In this section "proceeds" means any
		property derived or obtained
		directly or indirectly through the
		commission of the offence.
Forfeited property for the avoidance of doubt and without any	28	
further assurance than this Act, all the properties of the		
person convicted of an offence under this ACT and already the		
subject of an interim order shall be forfeited to the Federal		
Government.		
Forfeiture of Passports	30	The passport of any person
		convicted of an offence involving the
		illegal importation or exportation of
		any narcotic drug or psychotropic
		substance shall be forfeited to the
		Federal Government and shall not be

OFFENCE	SECTION	PENALTY
		returned to the person unless or
		until the President directs otherwise
		after the grant of a pardon or on the
		exercise of the prerogative of mercy
		under the Constitution of the
		Federal Republic of Nigeria, as
		amended.
Property subject to forfeiture	31	(a) any property, real or personal,
		which represents the gross receipts
		a person obtains directly as a result
		of the violation of this Act or which
		is traceable to such gross receipts;
		(b) any property within Nigeria
		which represents the proceeds of an
		offence under the laws of a foreign
		country involving the manufacture,
		importation, sale, distribution, illicit

OFFENCE	SECTION	PENALTY
		traffic, abuse or misuse of any
		narcotic drug or psychotropic
		substance within whose jurisdiction
		such offence or activity would be
		punishable by imprisonment for a
		term exceeding one year and which
		would be punishable by imprisonment
		under this Act if such act or activity
		had occurred within Nigeria.
Other property subject to forfeiture	32	(a) all narcotic drugs or
		psychotropic substances which have
		been manufactured, distributed,
		dispensed or acquired in any manner
		in violation of this Act;
		(b) all raw materials, products and
		equipment of any kind which are
		used, or intended for use, in

OFFENCE	SECTION PENALTY
	manufacturing, compounding
	processing , delivering, importing o
	exporting any narcotic drug o
	psychotropic substance;
	(c) all instrumentalities o
	conveyance, including aircraft
	vehicles, or vessels which are use
	or are intended for use, t
	transport, or in any manner t
	facilitate the transportation, sale
	receipt, possession or concealmer
	of substances described i
	paragraph (a) or (b) of this section
	except that -
	(i) no means of conveyance used b
	any person as a common carrier i

OFFENCE	SECTION	PENALTY
		the transaction of business as a
		common carrier shall be forfeited
		under this section unless it shal
		appear that the owner or other
		person in charge of such means o
		conveyance was a consenting party o
		privy to a violation of this Act;
		(ii) no means of conveyance shall b
		forfeited under this section b
		reason of any act established by th
		owner thereof to have bee
		committed by any person other tha
		such owner while such means o
		conveyance was unlawfully in th
		possession of a person other tha
		the owner or other person i
		violation of the criminal laws o

OFFENCE	SECTION PENALTY		
	Nigeria or any pai	rt thereof; and	
	forfeited under extent of an inter reason of any of that owner to ho without the know	(iii) no means of conveyance shall be forfeited under this section to the extent of an interest of an owner, by reason of any act established by that owner to have been committed without the knowledge, consent or wilful connivance of that owner;	
	including formula and data used or	cords and research, e, microfilms, tapes intended to be used ny provision of this	
		nies, negotiable curities or other	

OFFENCE	SECTION	PENALTY
		things of value furnished or intendec
		to be furnished by any person ir
		exchange for any narcotic drug or ar
		exchange, and all monies, negotiable
		instruments and securities used or
		intended to be used to facilitate any
		violation of this Act;
		(f) all real property, including any
		right, title and interest (including
		any leasehold interest) in the whole
		or any piece or parcel of land and an
		improvements or appurtenance.
		which is used or intended to be used
		in any manner or part to commit, o
		facilitate the commission of, a
		offence under this Act.

OFFENCE	SECTION	PENALTY

Modes of concealment

a. Concealment in electronic devices, including photocopiers, laptop casing, cartridges, phones, laptop/phone chargers

- b. Food-stuff
- c. Travelling/handbags
- d. Shoe soles,
- e. Herbal mixture bottles
- f. Hair attachments
- g. Rug carpets
- h. Tins
- i. Motor spare parts

- j. False bottoms of boxes, coolers
- k. Customised buttons
- I. Hems of curtains and clothes
- m. Packs of whiskey bottles
- n. Body cream containers
- o. Perfume bottles/containers
- p. Bathing soap
- q. Hidden in braided human hair
- r. Concealment in ceramic
- s. Inside condoms
- t. Inside jewelleries
- u. Inside balloons

- v. Bales of cloths
- w. Make-up kit
- x. Artworks

SOME SPECTERCULAR ARRESTS AND SEIZURES RECORDED DURING THE YEAR

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NDLEA Formations nationwide

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